

THE LANCET

Infectious Diseases

Supplementary appendix

This appendix formed part of the original submission and has been peer reviewed.
We post it as supplied by the authors.

Supplement to: Mok CKP, Zhu A, Zhao J, et al. T-cell responses to MERS coronavirus infection in people with occupational exposure to dromedary camels in Nigeria: an observational cohort study. *Lancet Infect Dis* 2020; published online Oct 6.
[http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1473-3099\(20\)30599-5](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1473-3099(20)30599-5).

Appendix

Supplementary table 1. HIGH RISK GROUP QUESTIONNAIRE: ABATTOIR WORKER

GENERAL INFORMATION

1. **Subject ID:** _____
2. **Interviewee Name:** First name _____ Surname _____
3. **Date of interview (dd/mm/yyyy):** ____/____/____
4. **Location (Region, City, Province):** _____
5. **Language used for interview:** ☐ English ☐ Hausa ☐ Fulani ☐ Other _____
6. **Translator needed for interview?** ☐ YES ☐ NO
7. **Gender (tick one):** ☐ Male ☐ Female
8. **Area of primary residence of subject (address):** _____
9. **Age of interviewee (in years):** _____
10. **What is your current marital status?** ☐ Single ☐ Married ☐ Divorced ☐ Widowed
11. **How many people live in your household with you (one household is defined as sharing a single kitchen)?**
 - i. Children aged less than 18 years old: _____
 - ii. Adults aged 18 years and older: _____

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURES

12. **How long have you worked at this abattoir?** _____ Years _____ Months (**IF NOT WORKING IN ABATTOIR GO TO QUESTION 19**)
13. **What is/are your job/jobs at this abattoir? (tick all that apply)** ☐ Slaughtering of animals ☐ Cleaning
☐ Product (meat) storage/etc ☐ Other _____
Of the listed options, which you selected, which is your primary job?

14. **How many days of the week do you work at this abattoir?** _____
15. **Do you hold other jobs aside from working at the slaughterhouse?** ☐ YES ☐ NO
If yes, what is/are your other job(s)? _____
16. **If your job requires dealing with animals in the abattoir, indicate which animals you regularly have contact with as part of your work:**

<i>Animal species</i>	<i>Contact with excrement (ie. feces or urine)</i>	<i>Dead, alive, both (circle one)</i>
A Camels	Yes No	Dead Alive Both
B Sheep	Yes No	Dead Alive Both
C Goats	Yes No	Dead Alive Both
D Cattle	Yes No	Dead Alive Both
E Horses	Yes No	Dead Alive Both

F Donkey	Yes No	Dead Alive Both
G Other _____	Yes No	Dead Alive Both

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND HYGIENE PRACTICES WHEN WORKING IN ABATTOIR

17. What personal protective equipment do you usually wear when working at the abattoir?

- ☐ No protective equipment used ☐ Gloves ☐ Coveralls ☐ Dust masks
☐ Boots or boot covers ☐ Respirators ☐ Eye protection (goggles, safety glasses)
☐ Other: _____

18. How often do you usually wash your hands while working at the slaughterhouse (check all)

- ☐ At meal times ☐ Before and after each animal related task ☐ At bathroom times
☐ The beginning and end of the day ☐ Rarely

ANIMAL EXPOSURES IN/AROUND THE HOME (where you live)

19. Were any livestock (e.g. camels, sheep, goats, cattle, horses) kept in or around your home in the last six months? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN

Name the species, the number of animals and what they are used for?

<i>Animal species</i>	<i>Number of animals</i>	<i>What they are used for? (circle one)</i>	<i>Did you have direct contact (i.e., touch) with these animals?</i>
Camels	None < 10 animals ≥ 10 animals	Food work racing pets	Yes no unknown
Sheep	None < 10 animals ≥ 10 animals		Yes no unknown
Goats	None < 10 animals ≥ 10 animals		Yes no unknown
Cattle	None < 10 animals ≥ 10 animals		Yes no unknown
Horses	None < 10 animals ≥ 10 animals		Yes no unknown

20. In the last six months, did you have any contact with any carcasses, body fluids, secretions, urine or excrement of camels in or around your home? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN

21. In the last six months, did you have any contact with any camel bedding, stray or feed in or around your home? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN

22. At your home did you do any of the following activities , in the last six months:

- a. Feed camels? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN
 b. Clean camel housing? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN
 c. Clean farm equipment? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN
 d. Slaughter camels? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN
 e. Assist with the birth of camels? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN
 f. Milk camels? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN
 g. Other tasks? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN

If yes, please specify: _____

23. Do others living in your household (e.g., domestic help or relative) frequently visit or work on a farm or market where camels are kept or sold? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN

FOOD EXPOSURES

The following series of questions are focused on food exposures in the last six months

24. Do you regularly drink unpasteurized camel milk? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN
25. Do you use camel urine for medicinal purposes? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN
26. Do you drink camel urine? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN

TRAVEL HISTORY AND EXPOSURES

27. During the last six months have you travelled outside Kano metropolis? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN

If yes, what countries/regions have you visited?

Country	Region/City	Approximate Dates
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

28. Have you attended any recent mass gatherings (e.g., weddings, festivals or religious pilgrimages) outside of your regions country where there were large numbers of people together? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN

If yes, specify event(s) and location:

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY

29. Have you been hospitalized with respiratory illness in the past 1 year? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN
30. If Yes to above, where were you hospitalized during the course of your illness? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN

If yes, when were you hospitalized (MM/YYYY): ____/____

If yes, which hospital did you receive treatment(s)? (name and address)

May we contact you again with follow up questions or clarifications? ☐ YES ☐ NO

31. If yes, telephone number of subject: _____

Supplementary Figures

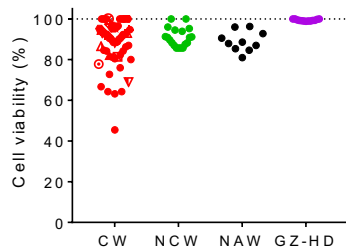
Figure S1



Fig S1. Abattoir in Kano, Nigeria. (A) A landscape map of the slaughterhouse was based on a google map showing the locations of the slaughterhouses for camels and for other animals such as sheep or cattle. (B) Workers slaughtering camels illustrating the close exposure the CWs to the camel carcasses and the lack of personal protective equipment.

Figure S2

A Cell viability



B T cell assay gating strategy

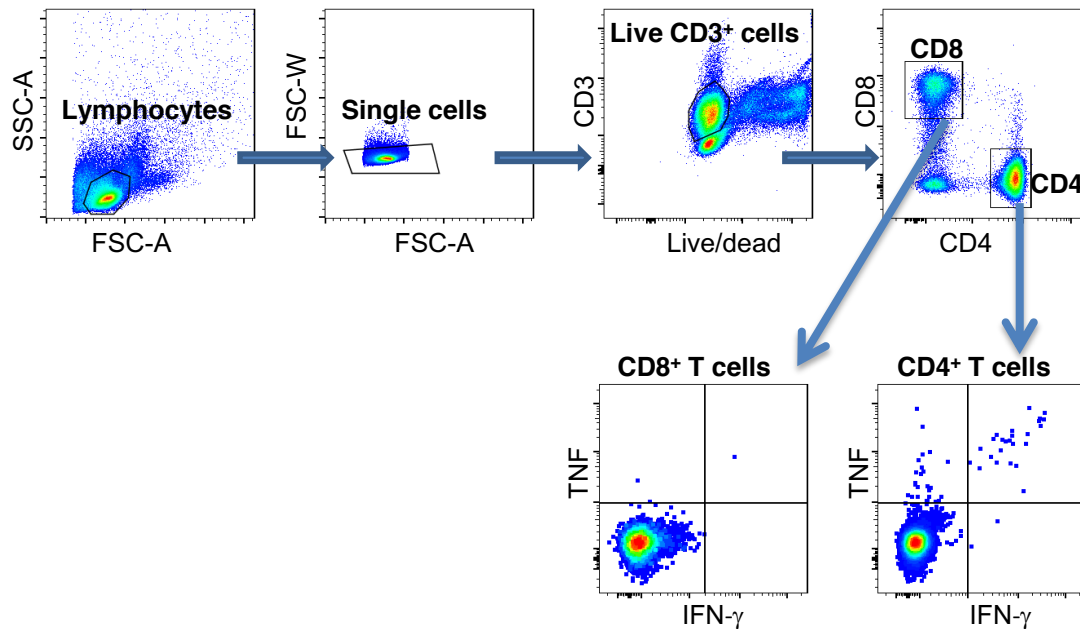
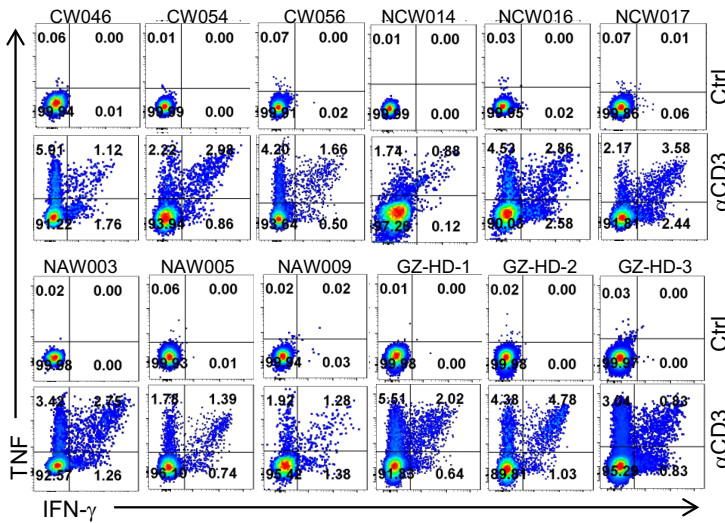


Figure S2. Cell viability and gating strategy for MERS-CoV specific T cells in human PBMCs. PBMCs were counted with trypan blue staining and then stimulated with MERS-CoV peptide pools for 12 h in the presence of brefeldin A. Cells were then labeled for cell surface markers, fixed/permeabilized with Cytofix/Cytoperm Solution and labeled with anti-intracellular cytokine/protein antibodies. All flow cytometry data were acquired on a BD FACSVerse and analyzed using FlowJo software. Cell viability (**A**) and gating strategy (**B**) are shown.

Figure S3

A Gated on CD4⁺ T cells



B Gated on CD8⁺ T cells

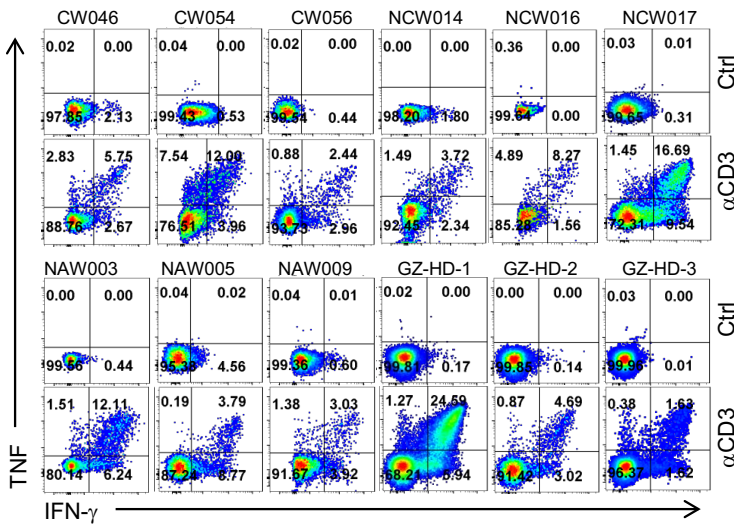


Fig S3. PBMCs from Nigeria CWs, NCWs, NAWs and GZ-HDs were activated by anti-human CD3 antibody (α CD3). PBMCs from CWs, NCWs, NAWs and GZ-HDs were stimulated with anti-human CD3 antibody (10 μ g/ml) for 12 h in the presence of brefeldin A to serve as positive control. Frequencies of activated CD4⁺ (**A**) and CD8⁺ (**B**) T cells (determined by IFN- γ and TNF intracellular staining) from CWs (CW046, CW054, and CW056), control NCWs (NCW014, NCW016, and NCW017), NAWs (NAW003, NAW005, and NAW009) and GZ-HDs (GZ-HD1, GZ-HD2 and GZ-HD3) are shown.

Figure S4

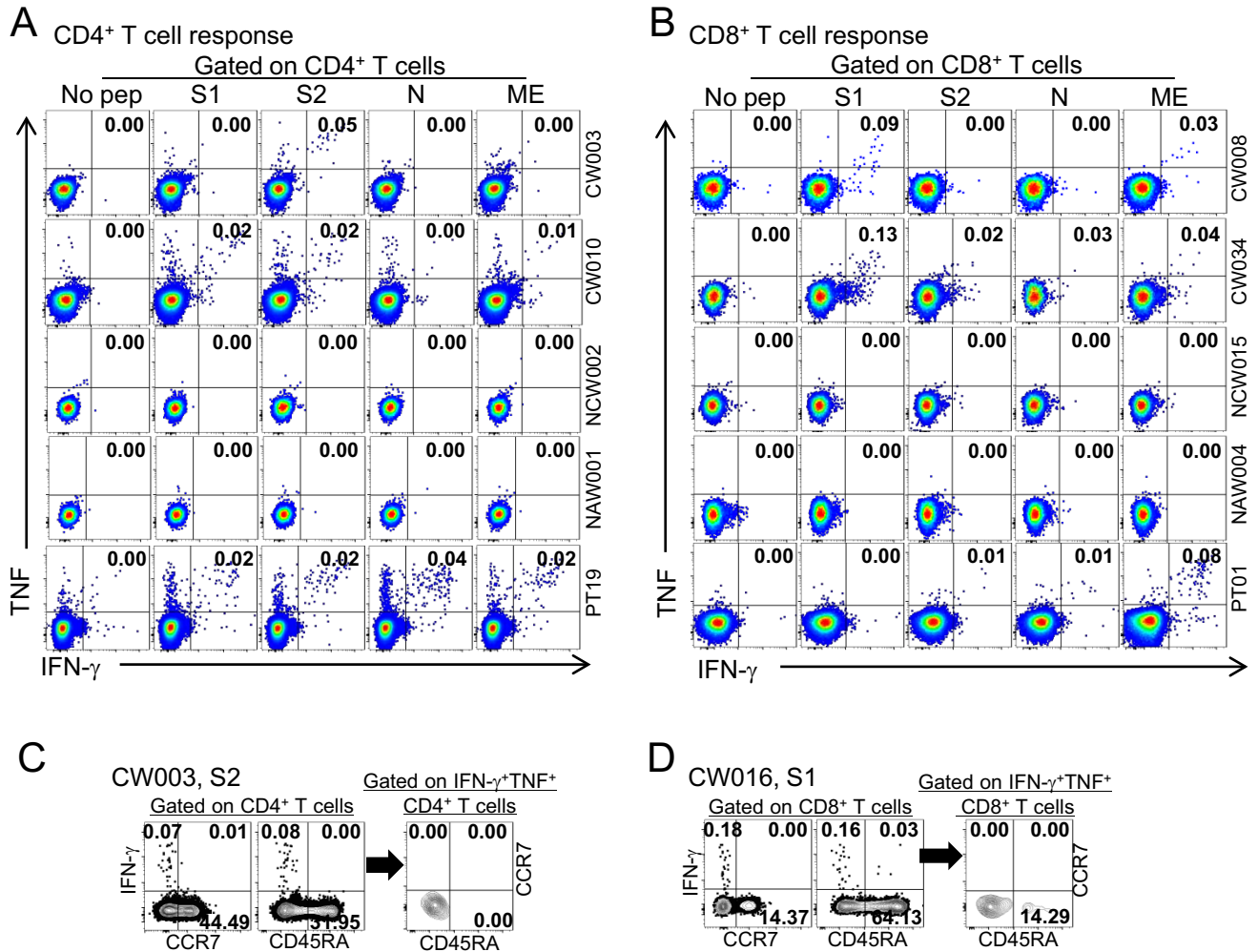


Fig S4. Gating strategies for the MERS-CoV-specific CD4⁺ and CD8⁺ T cell responses in camel workers and controls. PBMCs from camel abattoir workers (CW), non-camel abattoir workers (NCW) and non-abattoir workers (NAW) were stimulated with MERS-CoV structural protein-specific peptide pools for 12 h in the presence of brefeldin A. T cell responses were assessed as cells expressing both interferon- γ (IFN- γ) and tumor necrosis factor (TNF). PBMCs collected 6-24 months after virologically confirmed MERS-CoV infections in Saudi Arabia were included as positive controls (PT). Examples for gating of MERS-CoV-specific CD4⁺ (A) and CD8⁺ (B) T cells as well as the effector memory (CD45RA⁻CCR7⁺) cells of virus-specific CD4⁺ (C) and CD8⁺ (D) T cells are shown.

Figure S5

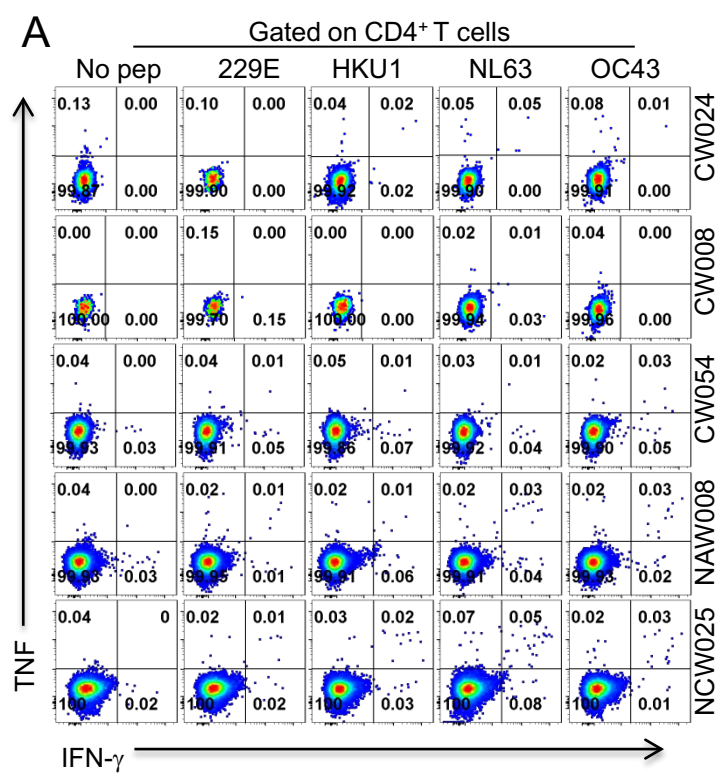


Fig S5. Gating strategy for the specific T cell responses against different human coronaviruses in camel workers and controls. PBMCs of CWs, NCWs, NAWs from Nigeria were stimulated with structural peptide pools from human CoVs 229E, HKU1, NL63, and OC43. Examples for gating of specific CD4⁺ T cells are shown.